How it works: Fixed index annuity crediting methods and index options

Issued by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance®

Annuity



Table of Contents

| Strategy/feature | Page |
|--|-------|
| Fixed index annuity | 2 |
| Crediting method terminology | 3 |
| Daily Average | 4 |
| Monthly Average | 5 |
| Monthly Point-to-Point | 6 |
| Annual Point-to-Point | 7 |
| Two-year Point-to-Point | 8 |
| Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced Participation Rate and strategy charge | 9 |
| Inverse Performance Trigger | 10 |
| Threshold Participation Strategy | 11 |
| Annual reset | 12 |
| Index options | 12-14 |

Fixed index annuity

How it works: Crediting methods

Fixed index annuities can be a valuable financial vehicle for retirement savings. They offer the safety and guarantees that clients expect along with growth opportunity to help your retirement savings grow. North American's fixed index annuities can help provide peace of mind by offering:

| Tax deferral | Liquidity options | Lifetime income options |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Full accumulation value at death | Ability to avoid probate | Fixed account option |

These important features can be found in each North American fixed index annuity.

Under current law, annuities grow tax deferred. Annuities may be subject to taxation during the income or withdrawal phase.

North American offers several crediting method options that can be used to calculate interest credits, including:

| Daily Average | Threshold Participation Strategy | Two-year Point-to-Point |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Monthly Average | Annual Point-to-Point | Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced |
| Monthly Point-to-Point | Inverse Performance Trigger | Participation Rate and strategy charge |

Refer to your product specific brochure for additional details regarding each product.

It is important for you to know that there is no such thing as an overall "best" crediting method or index. Each of North American's crediting methods and available indexes perform differently in various market scenarios. There is not one particular method or index that performs better than the other methods and indexes when observed in all market scenarios.

On the following pages you will see detailed examples of how each crediting method works. This information can help you make an educated decision with regards to the product and crediting method that best suits your needs.

Crediting method terminology

The following limits have an impact on the amount of interest that may be credited to a fixed index annuity. It is important to understand them and how they work together with your chosen index account(s).

Participation rate

Participation rates limit your interest credit to a set percentage of any index gain. For example, if the participation rate is 30% and the index gain is 10%, your interest credit would be 3%.

Index cap rate

Cap rates are upper limits on how much of the index gain you can receive. For example, if the cap rate is 4% and the index gain is 10%, your interest credit would be capped at 4%.

Index margin

Margins are subtracted from any index gain before you receive an interest credit. For example, if the index margin is 2% and the index gain is 10%, your interest credit would be 8%.

Index Margin and Participation Rate

Margin is subtracted from any index gain first, and then the participation rate limits your interest credit to a set percentage of any index. For example, if the margin is 2%, the participation rate is 50%, and the index gain is 10%, your interest credit would be 4%.

| Sample calculation: | |
|---|---------------|
| Index value percentage change | 10% |
| Participation rate | 30% |
| Calculation | 10 x .30 = 3% |
| Interest credit percentage for the year | 3% |

| Sample calculation: | |
|--|-----|
| Index value percentage change | 10% |
| Index cap rate | 4% |
| Interest credit percentage for the year: | 4% |

| Sample calculation: | |
|---|---------------|
| Index value percentage change | 10% |
| Index margin | 2% |
| Calculation | 10% - 2% = 8% |
| Interest credit percentage for the year | 8% |

| Sample calculation: | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Index value percentage change | 10% |
| Margin rate | 2% |
| Participation rate | 50% |
| Calculation | (10% - 2%) * 50% = 4% |
| Interest credit percentage for the year | 4% |

Index value

The index value on any trading day is the closing value on the previous trading day. For example, if your contract anniversary is on a Monday when the market is open, the index value will be based on the closing value for Friday, the most recent previous trading day. The index value we use on a non-trading day will be the same index value that we use for the most recent previous trading day. For example, if your contract anniversary is on a Sunday when the market is closed, the most recent trading day was Friday and the index value that we will use for Friday is the closing value for Thursday. So the index value for Sunday will be based on the closing value for Thursday.

Common features

The initial participation rate/index margin and/or index cap rates will be initially set when the annuity is issued. The rates will be guaranteed for a specific period (usually a one or two-year period). When that period is over, new rates will be set for the next period.

We guarantee these rates will never be set lower than the specified minimum for participation rates and index cap rates or higher than the specified maximum for index margins.

Which method is best?

Each of these crediting method features perform differently in various market scenarios. There is not one particular method that performs better than the other methods offered in all marketing scenarios.

Daily Average

The Daily Average interest credit is calculated by subtracting the beginning index value from the Daily Average index value. The Daily Average index value equals the sum of the index values over the contract year, excluding the beginning index value, divided by the number of index values available for the contract year. The beginning index value equals the index value on the first day of the contract year. The difference is then divided by the beginning index value to determine the percent of index value change. This percent can either be positive or negative.

Once the percent of index value is determined it will then be subject to either a participation rate, index margin, index cap rate or a combination of any of the above. The resulting final percentage is the percentage of interest credited at your contract anniversary. It is important to remember that the interest credit percentage will not exactly equal the performance of the chosen index option(s).

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. To illustrate, if the percent of index value change is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage then you will receive 0% interest credit percentage for that contract year.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy at your contract anniversary. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance. Refer to the benefits of annual reset page for details.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Daily Average hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or stock market index. They were put together to show how the daily average crediting method/index account option is calculated.

| | Contract begins Jan. 3 |
|---|--|
| | Beginning index value: 7,950 |
| | Daily index values for the year are added together. The beginning index value is not included. |
| 2 | 8,077 + 8,129 + 8,223 + 8,382 + + 9,054 + 8,873 + 8,909 = 2,239,626 |
| | Divide that total by the number of days the market was open. |
| | 2,239,626 / 251 = 8,922.81 |
| 3 | This produces the Daily Average index value for the contract year. |
| | Daily Average index value: 8,922.81 |
| | The beginning index value is then subtracted from the Daily Average index value. |
| 4 | Daily Average index value – Beginning index value |
| | 8,922.81 – 7,950 = 972.81 |
| _ | This value is divided by the beginning index value to determine the percentage of index value change for the contract year. |
| 5 | 972.81 / 7,950 = 0.1224 = 12.24% percentage of index value change |
| 6 | Finally, this percentage will be subject to a participation rate and/or index cap rate. This final value represents the interest credit percentage for the contract year. Ask your sales representative for current rates. |

Monthly Average

Monthly Average is calculated by subtracting the beginning index value from the Monthly Average index value. The Monthly Average index value equals the sum of the monthly index values over the contract year, excluding the beginning index monthly value, divided by 12. The beginning index value equals the value of the index on the first day of the contract year. The difference is then divided by the beginning index value to determine the percent of index value change. This percent can either be positive or negative.

Once the percent of index value change is determined it will then be subject to a participation rate, index margin, index cap rate or a combination of any of the above. The resulting final percentage is the percentage of interest credited at your contract anniversary. It is important to remember that the interest credit percentage will not exactly equal the performance of the chosen index option(s).

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. To illustrate, if the percent of index value change is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage then you will receive 0% interest credit percentage for that contract year.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy at your contract anniversary. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance. Refer to the benefits of annual reset page for details.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Monthly Average hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or stock market index. They were put together to show how the monthly average crediting method/index account option is calculated.

| Contract begins Jan. 3 | |
|------------------------|---|
| | Beginning index value: 7,950 |
| 2 | Monthly index values for the year are added together starting with the value available on Feb. 3. The beginning index value is not included. |
| | 9160 + 8816 + 8480 + 7555 + 7986 + 8632 + 9411 + 10,204 + 9982 + 9120 + 8264 + 8909 = 106,519 |
| 3 | Divide that total by the number of months in the year. (12) 106,519 / 12 = 8,876.58 This produces the Monthly Average index value for the contract year. |
| | Monthly Average index value: 8,876.58 |
| 4 | The beginning index value is then subtracted from the Monthly Average index value. Monthly Average index value – Beginning index value |
| | 8876.58 – 7950 = 926.58 |
| 5 | This value is divided by the beginning index value. It represents the percentage of index value change for the contract year. |
| | 926.58 / 7950 = 0.1166 = 11.66% Percentage of index value change |
| 6 | Finally, this percentage will be subject to a participation rate and/or index cap rate. This final value represents the interest credit for the contract year. Ask your sales representative for current rates. |

Monthly Point-to-Point

Interest credits are calculated by determining the change in the index value over a one month period, subject to a monthly index cap rate, and then adding together the 12 monthly index value changes during a contract year. Interest credits, if any, are determined each contract year and are based in part on the index values of the respective indices over that same term. It is important to remember that the interest credit percentage will not exactly equal the performance of the chosen index option(s).

Starting in the second month, the previous month's index value is subtracted from the current month's index value. This amount is then divided by the previous month's index value to determine the monthly percentage change in the index value. Each monthly percentage change in the index value can either be positive or negative. If the monthly percentage change in the index value is positive, it is subject to a monthly index cap rate (or upper limit). There is no downside limit when the monthly percentage change in the index value is negative.

Interest credits for the term are based on the sum of the monthly percentage changes in the index value, after the index cap rate is applied.

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. To illustrate, if the sum of percent of index value change is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage then you will receive 0% interest credit percentage for that contract year.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy at your contract anniversary. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance. Refer to the benefits of annual reset page for details.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Monthly Point-to-Point hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or stock market index. They were put together to show how the Monthly Point-to-Point crediting method/ index account option is calculated.

| Month | Assumed index value | Percentage change in the index value (Assumes a 3% monthly index cap) | Monthly percentage change in the index value, after the monthly index cap rate |
|---|------------------------|---|--|
| January | 850 | _ | _ |
| February | 850 | (850 - 850) / 850 = 0% | 0.00% |
| March | 860 | (860 - 850) / 850 = 1.18% | 1.18% |
| April | 880 | (880 - 860) / 860 = 2.33% | 2.33% |
| May | 920 | (920 - 880) / 880 = 3.00%* | 3.00% |
| June | 930 | (930- 920) / 920 = 1.09% | 1.09% |
| July | 940 | (940 - 930) / 930 = 1.08% | 1.08% |
| August | 980 | (980 - 940) / 940 = 3.00%* | 3.00% |
| September | 1000 | (1000 - 980) / 980 = 2.04% | 2.04% |
| October | 1010 | (1010 - 1000) / 1000 = 1.00% | 1.00% |
| November | 950 | (950 - 1010) / 1010 = -5.94% | -5.94% |
| December | 930 | (930 - 950) / 950 = -2.11% | -2.11% |
| January | 920 | (920 - 930) / 930 = -1.08% | -1.08% |
| Final interest credit percentage (sum of all monthly values)5.59% | | | 5.59% |

Refer to the product brochure for information regarding the guarantees and limits that apply to a specific product.

*Index percentage change capped at an index cap rate of 3%. There is no downside limit on the negative monthly percentage change.

Annual Point-to-Point

(also known as Term-Point-to-Point)

Annual Point-to-Point is calculated by subtracting the beginning index value from the ending index value. The difference is then divided by the beginning index value; this amount is called the percent of index value change. This percentage can either be positive or negative.

Once the percentage of index value change is determined it will then be subject to either a participation rate, index cap rate, index margin or a combination of any of the three. The resulting final percentage is the interest credit percentage at your contract anniversary. It is important to remember that the interest credit percentage will not exactly equal the performance of the chosen index option(s).

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. To illustrate, if the percent of index value change is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage then you will receive 0% interest credit percentage for that contract year.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy at your contract anniversary. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance. Refer to the benefits of annual reset page for details.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Annual Point-to-Point hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or stock market index. They were put together to show how the Annual Point-to-Point crediting method/index account option is calculated.

| 1 | Contract begins Jan. 3 |
|---|---|
| | Beginning index value: 7,950 |
| 2 | Contract ending index value one contract year later on Jan. 3 |
| Z | Ending index value: 8,909 |
| | The beginning index value is subtracted from the ending index value. |
| 3 | Ending index value - Beginning index value |
| | 8909 - 7950 = 959 |
| Λ | This value is divided by the beginning index value. It represents the percentage of index value change for the contract year. |
| 4 | 959 / 7950 = 0.1206 = 12.06% Percentage index value change |
| 5 | Finally, this percentage will be subject to a participation rate and/or index cap rate. This final value represents the interest credit for the contract year. Ask your sales representative for current rates. |

Two-year Point-to-Point

(also known as Term Point-to-Point and Biennial Point-to-Point)

Just like the Annual Point-to-Point, the Two-year Point-to-Point compares the beginning index value to the ending index value, but with Two-year Point-to-Point this comparison is after a two-year term instead of a one-year term. The percentage change in the index value is calculated based on the difference between the two index values. Once the percentage of index value change is determined it will then be subject to an index margin. The index margin for each two-year term is multiplied by two (which is the term length) and then subtracted at the end of each two-year term.

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. If the percentage change in the index value over the two-year term is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage, then you will receive a 0% interest credit percentage for that two-year term.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy on the contract anniversary at the end of each two-year term. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Two-year Point-to-Point hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or stock market index. They were put together to show how the Two-year Point-to-Point crediting method/ index account option is calculated.

| 1 | Contract begins Jan. 3 |
|---|---|
| | Beginning index value: 7,650 |
| 2 | The ending index value of this equation is the index value of the chosen index two years later on Jan. 3. |
| 2 | Ending index value: 9,100 |
| | Next the beginning index value is subtracted from the ending index value. |
| 3 | Ending index value – Beginning index value |
| | 9100-7650 = Difference of 1,450 |
| 4 | The difference is then divided by the beginning index value giving us the percentage of index value change using the Two-year Point-to-Point crediting method/index account option. |
| | 1450/7650 = 0.1895 = 18.95% |
| 5 | Finally, the percentage change in the index value is subject to an index margin. The index margin is multiplied by two (which is the length of the term) and then subtracted from the percentage change in the index value (18.95% in this example) to determine the interest credit to the index account. Ask your sales representative for current rates. |

Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced Participation Rate and strategy charge

The Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced Participation Rate and strategy charge is calculated by subtracting the beginning index value from the ending index value. The difference is then divided by the beginning index value; this amount is called the percent of index value change. This percentage can either be positive or negative. Once the percentage of index value change is determined it will then be subject to a participation rate. The resulting final percentage is the interest credit percentage on the term end date. It is important to remember that the interest credit percentage WILL NOT exactly equal the performance of the chosen index option(s).

Regardless of market performance, interest credits can never be less than zero. To illustrate, if the percent of index value change is calculated at 0% or a negative percentage then you will receive 0% interest credit percentage for that term.

Interest credits will only be added using this strategy on the contract anniversary at the end of the term. Once added, credits will be "locked in" and won't be affected by possible future negative index performance.

This crediting option is available in an Annual Point-to-Point and a Two-year Point-to-Point and includes a strategy charge for a higher participation rate compared to the Term Point-to-Point option that does not include a strategy charge. The strategy charge is assessed on the accumulation value in exchange for the enhanced rate and is known as a "Strategy Fee Annual Percentage" in the contract. The charge is deducted from the accumulation value at the end of each term. The annual charge is multiplied by two for the Two-year Point-to-Point crediting strategy.

If you select a crediting method with a strategy fee, Your Contract will automatically include an Accumulation Value True-Up benefit (AV TrueUp). We will apply the AV TrueUP benefit if the total strategy fees associated with the allocations to the enhanced participation rate crediting methods exceed the total interest credited for the contract since issue across all accounts (fixed and indexed). The benefit amount equals the total strategy fees minus the total interest credited and will be added to the accumulation value prorate. Please note, the AV TrueUp benefit is only payable at the end of the surrender charge period if no partial withdrawals in excess of the penalty-free amount have been taken. If you take a partial surrender that exceeds your penalty free amount or a full surrender during the surrender charge period, the strategy fees assessed may result in a loss of premium.

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Refer to the product brochure for information regarding the guarantees and limits that apply to a specific product.

Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced Participation Rate and strategy charge hypothetical example

The numbers and calculations below are examples only for a one-year term. They do not represent any one particular North American fixed index annuity or Stock Market Index. They were put together to show how the Term Point-to-Point with Enhanced Participation Rate and strategy charge method/index account option is calculated.

| 1 | Contract begins Jan. 3 | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Beginning index value: 7,950 | | |
| 2 | Contract ending index value one contract year later on Jan. 3 | | |
| 2 | Ending index value: 8,909 | | |
| | The Beginning index value is subtracted from the ending index value. | | |
| | Ending index value – Beginning index value 8909 - 7950 = 959 | | |
| | This value is divided by the beginning index value. It represents the percentage of index value change for the contract year. | | |
| 4 | 959 / 7950 = 0.1206 = 12.06% percentage index value change | | |
| 5 | This percentage will be subject to a participation rate. This final value represents the interest credit for the contract year. | | |
| 6 | Finally, the strategy charge of 1.5% is calculated using the beginning of year accumulation value and deducted from the accumulation value at the end of the year after interest is credited. Beginning of year accumulation value = \$100,000 Assumed end of year accumulation value after the interest credit = \$115,000 Strategy charge = 1.5% * 100,000 = 1,500 End of year accumulation value after the interest credit and strategy charge = 115,000 – 1,500 = \$113,500. | | |
| | $\frac{1}{100} or year accumulation value after the interest credit and strategy charge - 10,000 - 1,000 - 310,000.$ | | |

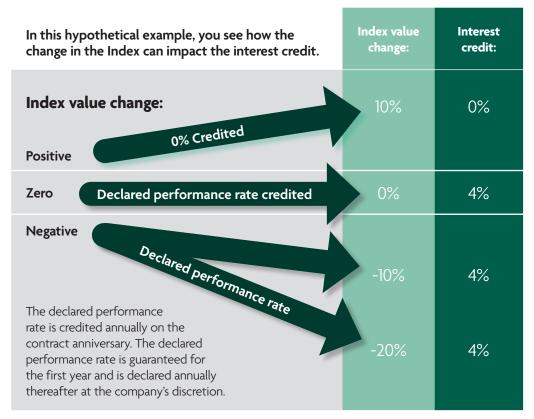
Inverse Performance Trigger

Inverse Performance Trigger is calculated by taking the index values from the beginning of your contract year and comparing to the index values at the end of the contract year. If the ending index value is equal to or less than the starting index value, the money allocated to this option will be credited interest at the declared performance rate. If the ending index value is greater than the beginning index value, the money allocated to this option will receive a 0% interest credit percentage (see chart below).

Product-specific details can be found in the brochure or by asking your sales representative. For current rates, contact your sales representative.

Inverse Performance Trigger hypothetical example

In this example, the declared performance rate of 4% is credited when the index value change is either zero or negative. No matter what the negative index value change is, the credited rate remains the same.



The interest credit rate shown reflects a hypothetical declared performance rate and is provided as an example. This rate is subject to change each year. This example is not intended to predict or project performance. This crediting method may not be available in all states.

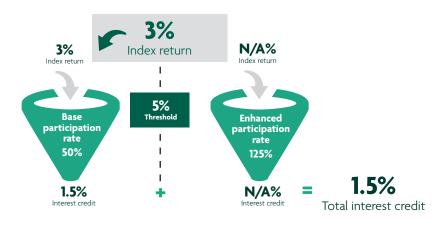
Threshold Participation Strategy

For the Threshold Participation Strategy, both of the threshold participation rates (base and enhanced) may apply in the calculation of your interest credit. Once the Annual-Point-to-Point index return has been calculated, the index return is compared to the declared index return threshold. Let's look at a couple hypothetical examples showing an index return that is less than the threshold rate and an index return that is greater than the threshold rate.

Example 1

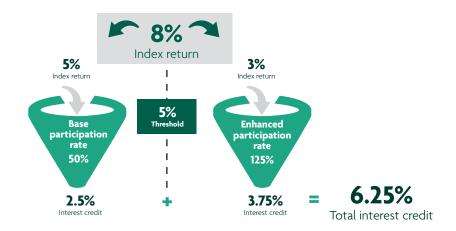
Index return less than index return threshold

If the gain is less than or equal to the index return threshold, the base participation rate is applied to the gain and used to determine your interest credit.



Example 2 Index return greater than index return threshold

If the gain exceeds the index return threshold, the base participation rate is applied to the portion of the gain up to and including the index return threshold and the enhanced participation rate is applied to the portion of the gain that exceeds the index return threshold. The sum of these values is used to determine your interest credit.



Hypothetical examples are for illustrative and educational purposes only. The use of alternate assumptions could produce significantly different results.

Annual reset

Lock in interest credits each contract anniversary

One advantage of fixed index annuities is a reset feature, which applies to this annuity no matter which crediting method you choose. With the reset, any interest credits are added, or credited, to your accumulation value on each contract anniversary. For the Two-year-Point-to-Point option, this reset happens at the end of each two-year term, instead of annually. Once credits are added, they're locked in. That means they can't be taken away due to negative index performance. At that point, they are included in your accumulation value, giving you the advantage of compounding interest in subsequent years.

Also, by resetting your starting index value at the same time, this feature can help minimize your risk if the index experiences a severe downturn. Without it, you'd have to wait for the index value to climb up to its original level before any interest credit could be realized.

| North American offers various index options: | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| S&P 500® Index | The S&P 500® has been widely regarded as the best single gauge of the large cap U.S. equities market since the index was first published in 1957. The index includes 500 leading companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. | | | |
| Goldman Sachs Equity TimeX Index | The Goldman Sachs Equity TimeX Index (the "Index") is a rules-based strategy designed to provide long-only exposure to an equity component (the SPDR® S&P® 500 ETF). The Index's exposure to the equity component is dynamically adjusted each index business day based on certain market signals, including calendar based signals and price patterns, subject to an exposure floor, an exposure cap, and a rebalancing cap. The Index applies a daily volatility target, which can further increase or decrease the Index's exposure to the equity component. The Index is calculated on an excess return basis, and is subject to servicing and rebalancing costs and a deduction rate of 0.50% per annum (accruing daily). | | | |
| Barclays Transitions 6 VC Index™ | The Barclays Transitions 6 VC Index [™] (the "Index") starts its allocation with exposure to broad US equities and then uses trend signals to determine the allocation amongst fixed income, commodities and cash for diversification. The goal is to follow the equities market and capture as much upside as possible. The Index is rules-based and targets a 6% annual realized volatility by allocating between the multi-asset structure and cash. In calculating the level of the Index, the Index methodology deducts a fee equal to 0.50% per year plus ETF management fees that varies by exposure and rebalancing costs. | | | |
| Barclays Transitions 12 VC Index™ | The Barclays Transitions 12 VC Index [™] (the "Index") starts its allocation with exposure to broad US equities and then uses trend signals to determine the allocation amongst fixed income, commodities and cash for diversification. The goal is to follow the equities market and capture as much upside as possible. The Index is rules-based and targets a 12% annual realized volatility by allocating between the multi-asset structure and cash. In calculating the level of the Index, the Index methodology deducts a fee equal to 0.85% per year plus ETF management fees that varies by exposure and rebalancing costs. | | | |
| S&P Commodity Risk Premia Diversifier TCA Index (USD) ER | The S&P Commodity Risk Premia Diversifier TCA Index (USD) ER (the "Index") seeks to measure the performance of four component indices, representing a blend of alternative risk premia strategies across Carry, Momentum and Backwardation at predefined weights. Each strategy employs long-short positions across the S&P GSCI component indices, to isolate the intended risk exposure and enhance diversification while also seeking to stabilize volatility and increase market exposure up to a leveraged position of 150%. Because the Index is managed to a volatility target, the range of both positive and negative performance is limited. Volatility control tends to reduce the rate of negative performance and positive performance of the underlying components. In calculating the level of the Index, the index methodology reflects transaction fees. | | | |

North American offers various index options (continued):

| S&P 500® Dynamic Intraday TCA Index | The S&P 500° Dynamic Intraday TCA Index (the "Index") is designed to provide exposure to the S&P 500° through the use of E-mini S&P 500 futures while applying an intraday volatility control and trend-following mechanism. Using intraday observations, the Index adjusts its allocations to the S&P 500° and cash in aiming to achieve the 15% volatility target. Trend signals guide rebalancing to help the Index respond to market movements. Because the Index is managed to a volatility target, the Index performance will not match the underlying performance of the S&P 500° or the E-mini S&P 500 futures used to deliver exposure. Typically, the volatility control tends to reduce the rate of negative performance and positive performance of the underlying futures, creating more stable volatility with higher cumulative returns due to the more frequent rebalancing. In calculating the level of the Index, the index methodology deducts a fee reflective of trading costs. The Index is rebalanced up to 13 times daily when a trend is detected and is an excess return index. Both of these elements serve to stabilize cost. |
|--|---|
| S&P Multi-Asset Risk Control 5% Excess Return Index (S&P MARC 5% ER) | The S&P MARC 5% ER Index is a multi-asset excess return index that strives to create more stable index performance through diversification, an excess return methodology, and volatility management. The index manages volatility by adjusting the allocations among multiple asset classes and by allocating to cash in certain market environments. The Index is managed to a 5% volatility level. |
| S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5% Index | The S&P 500 [®] Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 5% Index strives to create stable performance through managing volatility (i.e. risk control) on the S&P 500 [®] Low Volatility Index. The S&P 500 [®] Low Volatility Index measures performance of the 100 least volatile stocks in the S&P 500 [®] . The index adds an element of risk control by applying rules to allocate between stocks, as represented by the S&P 500 [®] Low Volatility Index, and cash. The Index is managed to an 5% volatility level. |
| S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8% Index | The S&P 500® Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8% Index strives to create stable performance through managing volatility (i.e. risk control) on the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index. The S&P 500 Low Volatility Index measures performance of the 100 least volatile stocks in the S&P 500. The index adds an element of risk control by applying rules to allocate between stocks, as represented by the S&P 500 Low Volatility Index, and cash. The Index is managed to an 8% volatility level. |
| Fidelity Multifactor Yield Index™ 5% ER | The Fidelity Multifactor Yield Index 5% ER (the "Index") is a multi-asset, rules-based index that blends a multifactor equity starting universe with U.S. Treasuries, and uses a dynamic allocation approach that seeks to reduce volatility and deliver a more consistent investment experience over time. The starting portfolio is a combination of 6 factors with pre-determined weights and a tilt towards high dividend yielding companies. A fixed income overlay is applied, and the volatility levels of the combined portfolio are analyzed daily and components are adjusted to meet a 5% volatility target. |
| Morgan Stanley Dynamic Global Index | The Morgan Stanley Dynamic Global Index (MSDG) allocates across global assets with the goal of achieving diversified exposure across and within equities, fixed income and commodities. Moreover, the Index methodology includes provisions intended to address the unique risk and return characteristics of each asset class when re-allocating exposure during changing market conditions. The Index is rules-based and targets a 5% annual realized volatility with the intention of (i) reducing allocations to preserve gains during periods of high volatility and (ii) increasing leverage to capture returns when volatility decreases. |
| S&P MidCap 400® Index | The S&P MidCap 400 [®] provides investors with a benchmark for mid-sized companies. The Index seeks to remain an accurate measure of mid-sized companies, reflecting the risk and return characteristics of the broader mid-cap universe on an on-going basis. |

North American offers various index options (continued):

| Dow Jones Industrial Average™ Index (DJIA®) | The oldest continuing stock market index, the DJIA® is one of the most well known and widely followed indicators of the U.S. stock market in the world. It is represented by 30 of the largest U.S. stocks, including household names and leaders in their respective industries. |
|--|--|
| Nasdaq-100® Index | The Nasdaq-100® Index includes 100 of the largest domestic and international non-financial securities listed on The Nasdaq Stock Market based on market capitalization. The Index reflects companies across major industry groups including computer hardware and software, telecommunications, retail/wholesale trade and biotechnology. |
| LBMA Gold Price (LBMA Afternoon (PM) Gold Price) | The LBMA is an international trade association, representing the London market for gold and silver bullion which has a global client base. The "LBMA Gold Price" is administered by ICE Benchmark Administration (IBA). IBA hosts an electronic auction process for the LBMA Gold Price. The price is set twice daily (at 10:30 and 15:00 London GMT) in US dollars. |
| Russell 2000® Index | The Russell 2000® Index measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity universe. The Russell 2000® Index includes approximately 2,000 of the smallest securities based on a combination of their market cap and current index membership. |
| EURO STOXX 50® Index | The EURO STOXX 50® (Price) Index is a free-float market capitalization-weighted index of 50 European blue-chip stocks from those countries participating in the EMU. Each component's weight is capped at 10% of the index's total free float market capitalization. |
| Hang Seng Index | The Hang Seng Composite Index ("HSCI") offers a comprehensive Hong Kong market benchmark that covers companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong ("SEHK"). The HSCI can be used as a basis for index funds, mutual funds as well as performance benchmarks. |

We provide options to allocate your funds among various index accounts. Transfer options are also available, allowing you to reallocate your premiums among the index accounts annually or every two years. For more details on each product's specific indices and allocation options, please refer to the corresponding product brochure.

Sammons Financial® is the marketing name for Sammons® Financial Group, Inc.'s member companies, including North American Company for Life and Health Insurance®. Annuities and life insurance are issued by, and product guarantees are solely the responsibility of, North American Company for Life and Health Insurance.

A.M. Best is a large, third-party independent reporting and rating company that rates an insurance company on the basis of the company's financial strength, operating performance, and ability to meet its obligations to policyholders. S&P Global Ratings is an independent, third-party rating firm that rates on the basis of financial strength. Ratings shown reflect the opinions of the rating agencies and are not implied warranties of the company's ability to meet its financial obligations. The ratings apply to North American's financial strength and claims-paying ability. **A)** A.M. Best rating affirmed on Aug. 13, 2024. For the latest rating, access ambest.com. **B)** Awarded to North American as part of Sammons[®] Financial Group Inc., which consists of Midland National[®] Life Insurance Company and North American Company for Life and Health Insurance[®]. **C)** S&P Global rating assigned Feb. 26, 2009 and affirmed on May 22, 2024. **D)** Fitch Ratings, a global leader in financial information services and credit ratings, on June 26, 2024, assigned an Insurer Financial Strength rating of A+ Stable for North American. This rating is the fifth highest of 19 possible rating categories. The rating reflects the organization's strong business profile, low financial leverage, very strong statutory capitalization and strong operating profitability supported by strong investment performance. For more information access fitchratings.com.

Fixed index annuities are not a direct investment in the stock market. They are long term insurance products with guarantees backed by the issuing company. They provide the potential for interest to be credited based in part on the performance of specific indices, without the risk of loss of premium due to market downturns or fluctuation. Although fixed index annuities guarantee no loss of premium due to market downturns, deductions from the accumulation value for optional benefit riders or strategy fees or charges associated with allocations to enhanced crediting methods could exceed interest credited to the accumulation value, which would result in loss of premium. They may not be appropriate for all clients. Interest credits to a fixed index annuity will not mirror the actual performance of the relevant index.

The "S&P 500[®]", "S&P 500[®] Dynamic Intraday TCA Index", "S&P Commodity Risk Premia Diversifier TCA Index (USD) ER", "S&P Multi-Asset Risk Control 5% Excess Return Index", "S&P 500[®] Low Volatility Daily Risk Control 8% Index", "S&P MidCap 400[®]", and "DIJA[®]" Indices", ("the Indices") are products of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC or its affiliates ("SPDJI") and have been licensed for use by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance[®] ("the Company"). S&P[®], S&P 500[®], US 500, The 500, iBoxx[®], iTraxx[®] and CDX[®] are trademarks of S&P Global, Inc. or its affiliates ("S&P"); Dow Jones[®] is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"). It is not possible to invest directly in an index. The Company's Products are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, or any of their respective affiliates (collectively, "S&P Dow Jones Indices"). S&P Dow Jones Indices does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, to the owners of the Company's Products or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in securities generally or in the Company's Products particularly or the ability of the Indices to track general market performance. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results. S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or trade names of S&P Dow Jones Indices and/or its licensors. The Indices are determined, composed and calculated by S&P Dow Jones Indices without regard to the Company or the Company's Products. S&P Dow Jones Indices has no obligation to take the needs of the Company or the Company's Products into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Indices. S&P Dow Jones Indices has no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Company's Products. There is no assurance that investment products based on the Indices will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an inv

S&P DOW JONES INDICES DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, ACCURACY, TIMELINESS AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF THE INDICES OR ANY DATA RELATED THERETO OR ANY COMMUNICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ORAL OR WRITTEN COMMUNICATION (INCLUDING ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS) WITH RESPECT THERETO. S&P DOW JONES INDICES SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO ANY DAMAGES OR LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR DELAYS THEREIN. S&P DOW JONES INDICES MAKES NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE OR AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE COMPANY, OWNERS OF THE COMPANY'S PRODUCTS, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY FROM THE USE OF THE INDICES OR WITH RESPECT TO ANY DATA RELATED THERETO. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT WHATSOEVER SHALL S&P DOW JONES INDICES BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, LOSS OF PROFITS, TRADING LOSSES, LOST TIME OR GOODWILL, EVEN IF THEY HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR OTHERWISE. S&P DOW JONES INDICES HAS NOT REVIEWED, PREPARED AND/OR CERTIFIED ANY PORTION OF, NOR DOES S&P DOW JONES INDICES HAS NOT REVIEWED, PREPARED AND/OR CERTIFIED ANY PORTION OF, NOR DOES S&P DOW JONES INDICES HAS NOT REVIEWED, OR OTHER OFFERING MATERIALS. THERE ARE NO THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND THE COMPANY, OTHER THAN THE LICENSORS OF S&P DOW JONES INDICES AND THE COMPANY, OTHER THAN THE LICENSORS OF S&P DOW JONES INDICES.

Neither Barclays Bank PLC ("BB PLC") nor any of its affiliates (collectively, "Barclays") is the issuer or producer of fixed index annuities and Barclays has no responsibilities, obligations or duties to policyholders in fixed index annuities. The Barclays Transitions 12 VC Index[™] and the Barclays Transitions 6 VC Index[™] (the "Indexes"), together with any Barclays indices that are components of the Index is licensed for use by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance ("NACOLAH") as the issuer or producer of fixed index annuities (the "Issuer"). Barclays' only relationship with the Issuer in respect of the Index is the licensing of the Index, which is administered, compiled and published by BB PLC in its role as the index sponsor (the "Index Sponsor") without regard to the Issuer or the fixed index annuities or policyholders in the fixed index annuities. Additionally, the Issuer may for itself execute transaction(s) with Barclays in or relating to the Index in connection with fixed index annuities. Policyholders acquire fixed index annuities. Fixed index annuities are not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Barclays and Barclays makes no representation regarding the advisability of the fixed index annuities or use of the Index or any data included therein. Barclays shall not be liable in any way to the Issuer, policyholders or to other third parties in respect of the use or accuracy of the Index or any data included therein.

The Nasdaq-100[®], Nasdaq-100[®] Index and Nasdaq[®] are trademarks of the Nasdaq Stock Market Inc. (which with its affiliates are the "Corporations") and are licensed for use by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance[®]. The Product(s) have not been passed on by the Corporations as to their legality or suitability. The Product is not issued, endorsed, sold or promoted by the Corporations. THE CORPORATIONS MAKE NO WARRANTIES AND BEAR NO LIABILITY WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT.

The Gold Price Index Option credits interest based on the change in the price of gold per troy ounce in US Dollars as established by the London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) Afternoon (PM) Gold Price and administered by the ICE Benchmark Administration (IBA). The LBMA Afternoon (PM) Gold Price is available at the website http://www.lbma.org.uk/lpricingand-statistics. We reserve the right to add, remove or revise availability of the Gold Price Index Option, or to substitute a different widely published benchmark for the price of gold for the use in the Gold Price Index Option. The Gold Price Index Option does not constitute a purchase of or direct investment in gold.

All references to the London Bullion Market Association (LBMA) prices are used with their permission and have been provided for informational purposes only. The LBMA accepts no liability or responsibility for the accuracy of the prices or the underlying product to which the prices may be referenced.

Frank Russell Company ("Russell") is the source and owner of the trademarks, service marks and copyrights related to the Russell Indexes. Russell® is a trademark of Frank Russell Company. Neither Russell nor its licensor accept any liability for any errors or omissions in the Russell Indexes and/or ratings or underlying data and no party may rely on any Russell Indexes and/ or Russell ratings and/or underlying data contained in this communication. No further distribution of Russell Data is permitted without Russell's express written consent. Russell does not promote, sponsor or endorse the content of this communication.

The EURO STOXX 50° is the intellectual property (including registered trademarks) of STOXX Limited, Zurich, Switzerland and/or its licensors ("Licensors"), which is used under license. The Product is neither sponsored nor promoted, distributed or in any other manner supported by STOXX, Deutsche Borse Group and their licensors, research partners or data providers do not give any warranty, and exclude any liability (whether in negligence or otherwise) with respect thereto generally or specifically in relation to any errors, omissions or interruptions in the EURO STOXX 50° or its data. The Hang Seng (the Index) is published and compiled by Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited pursuant to a license from Hang Seng Data Services Limited. The mark(s) and name(s) Hang Seng are proprietary to Hang Seng Data Services Limited. Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited and Hang Seng Data Services Limited have agreed to the use of, and reference to, the Index by North American in connection with the product (the "Product"), BUT NEITHER HANG SENG INDEXES COMPANY LIMITED NOR HANG SENG DATA SERVICES LIMITED WARRANTS OR REPRESENTS OR GUARANTEES TO ANY BROKER OR HOLDER OF THE PRODUCT OR ANY OTHER PERSON (i) THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) AND ITS COMPUTATION OR ANY INFORMATION RELATED THERETO; OR (ii) THE FITNESS OR SUITABILITY FOR ANY PURPOSE OF ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) OR ANY COMPONENT OR DATA COMPRISED IN IT; OR (iii) THE RESULTS WHICH MAY BE OBTAINED BY ANY PERSON FROM THE USE OF ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) OR ANY COMPONENT OR DATA COMPRISED IN IT FOR ANY PURPOSE, AND NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION OR GUARANTEE OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER RELATING TO ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) IS GIVEN OR MAY BE IMPLIED. The process and basis of computation and compilation of any of the Index(es) and any of the related formula or formulae, constituent stocks and factors may at any time be changed or altered by Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited without notice. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY IS ACCEPTED BY HANG SENG INDEXES COMPANY LIMITED OR HANG SENG DATA SERVICES LIMITED (1) IN RESPECT OF THE USE OF AND/OR REFERENCE TO ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) BY NORTH AMERICAN IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCT; OR (ii) FOR ANY INACCURACIES, OMISSIONS, MISTAKES OR ERRORS OF HANG SENG INDEXES COMPANY LIMITED IN THE COMPUTATION OF ANY OF THE INDEX(ES); OR (iii) FOR ANY INACCURACIES, OMISSIONS, MISTAKES, ERRORS OR INCOMPLETENESS OF ANY INFORMATION USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE COMPUTATION OF ANY OF THE INDEX(ES) WHICH IS SUPPLIED BY ANY OTHER PERSON; OR (iv) FOR ANY ECONOMIC OR OTHER LOSS WHICH MAY BE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY SUSTAINED BY ANY BROKER OR HOLDER OF THE PRODUCT OR ANY OTHER PERSON DEALING WITH THE PRODUCT AS A RESULT OF ANY OF THE AFORESAID, AND NO CLAIMS, ACTIONS OR LEGAL PROCEEDINGS MAY BE BROUGHT AGAINST HANG SENG INDEXES COMPANY LIMITED AND/OR HANG SENG DATA SERVICES LIMITED in connection with the Product in any manner whatsoever by any broker, holder or other person dealing with the Product. Any broker, holder or other person dealing with the Product does so therefore in full knowledge of this disclaimer and can place no reliance whatsoever on Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited and Hang Seng Data Services Limited. For the avoidance of doubt, this disclaimer does not create any contractual or quasi-contractual relationship between any broker, holder or other person and Hang Seng Indexes Company Limited and/or Hang Seng Data Services Limited and must not be construed to have created such relationship.

The Fidelity Multifactor Yield Index 5% ER (the "Index") is a multi-asset index, offering exposure to companies with attractive valuations, high quality profiles, positive momentum signals, lower volatility and higher dividend yield than the broader market, as well as U.S. treasuries, which may reduce volatility over time. Fidelity is a registered trademark of FMR LLC. Fidelity Product Services LLC ("FPS") has licensed this Index for use for certain purposes to North American Company for Life and Health Insurance® (the "Company") on behalf of the Product. The Index is the exclusive property of FPS and is made and compiled without regard to the needs, including, but not limited to, the suitability needs, of the Company, the Product, or owners of the Product. The Product is not sold, sponsored, endorsed or promoted by FPS or any other party involved in, or related to, making or compiling the Index. The Company exercises sole discretion in determining whether and how the Product will be linked to the value of the Index. FPS does not provide investment advice to owners of the Product, nor to any other person or entity with respect to the Index and in no event shall any Product contract owner be deemed to be a client of FPS.

Neither FPS nor any other party involved in, or related to, making or compiling the Index has any obligation to continue to provide the Index to the Company with respect to the Product. Neither FPS nor any other party involved in, or related to, making or compiling the Index makes any representation regarding the Index, Index information, performance, annuities generally or the Product particularly.

Fidelity Product Services LLC disclaims all warranties, express or implied, including all warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or use. Fidelity Product Services LLC shall have no responsibility or liability whatsoever with respect to the Product.

Morgan Stanley Dynamic Global Index (the "Index") is the property of Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC.

Any product that is linked to the performance of the index is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, or any of its affiliates (collectively, "Morgan Stanley"). Neither Morgan Stanley nor any other party (including without limitation any calculation agents or data providers) makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, regarding the advisability of purchasing this product. In no event shall Morgan Stanley have any liability for any special, punitive, indirect or consequential damages including lost profits, even if notified of the possibility of such damages. The index is the exclusive property of Morgan Stanley. Morgan Stanley and the index are service marks of Morgan Stanley and have been licensed for use for certain purposes. Neither Morgan Stanley nor any other party has or will have any obligation or liability to owners of this product in connection with the administration or marketing of this product, and neither Morgan Stanley nor any other party guarantees the accuracy and/or the completeness of the index or any data included therein.

No purchaser, seller or holder of this product, or any other person or entity, should use or refer to any Morgan Stanley trade name, trademark or service mark to sponsor, endorse, market or promote this product, without first contacting Morgan Stanley to determine whether Morgan Stanley's permission is required. Under no circumstances may any person or entity claim any affiliation with Morgan Stanley without the prior written permission of Morgan Stanley.

In calculating the performance of the index, Morgan Stanley deducts, on a daily basis, a servicing cost of 0.50% per annum. This reduces the positive change or increase the negative change in the index level and thus decreases the return of any product linked to the index. The volatility control calculation applied by Morgan Stanley as part of the index's methodology may decrease the index's performance and thus the return of any product linked to the index. In addition, because the volatility control calculation is expected to reduce the overall volatility of the index, it will also reduce the cost of hedging certain products linked to the index.

Goldman Sachs Equity TimeX Index

This Index does not include dividends paid by the underlying companies.

The North American Company for Life and Health Insurance® fixed indexed annuity product ("Annuity Product") is not sponsored, endorsed, sold, guaranteed, underwritten, distributed or promoted by Goldman Sachs & Co. or any of its affiliates (including Goldman Sachs Asset Management, L.P.), with the exception of any endorsement, sales, distribution or promotion of this product that may occur through its affiliates that are licensed insurance agencies (excluding such affiliates, individually and collectively, "Goldman Sachs") or its third-party data providers. Goldman Sachs is a trademark of Goldman Sachs and has been licensed for use by North American Company for Life and Health Insurance® (the "Company"). Goldman Sachs and its third-party data providers make no representation or warranty, express or implied, regarding the advisability of investing in annuities generally or in Fixed Indexed Annuities or the investment strategy underlying the Company's Annuity Product, particularly, the ability of the Goldman Sachs Equity TimeX Index (the "Index") to perform as intended, the merit (if any) of obtaining exposure to the Index or the suitability of purchasing or holding interests in the Annuity Product. Goldman Sachs and its third-party data providers do not have any obligation to take the needs of the holders of the Annuity Product into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Index.

GOLDMAN SACHS DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ADEQUACY, TIMELINESS, ACCURACY AND/ OR COMPLETENESS OF THE INDEX OR OF THE METHODOLOGY UNDERLYING THE INDEX, THE CALCULATION OF THE INDEX OR ANY DATA SUPPLIED BY IT FOR USE IN CONNECTION WITH THE ANNUITY PRODUCT. GOLDMAN SACHS HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL LIABILITY FOR DETERMINING, COMPOSING OR ANY OTHER ASPECTS OF THE DESIGN OF THE INDEX AND ANY RELATED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY. GOLDMAN SACHS HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN OR IN THE CALCULATION THEREOF. GOLDMAN SACHS EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FOR ANY SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, INDIRECT OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGE EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

THIRD-PARTY DATA IS USED UNDER LICENSE AS A SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOR THE INDEX. THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER HAS NO OTHER CONNECTION TO THE INDEX OR GOLDMAN SACHS SERVICES AND DOES NOT SPONSOR, ENDORSE, RECOMMEND OR PROMOTE THE INDEX OR ANY GOLDMAN SACHS SERVICES. THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER HAS NO OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE INDEX OR GOLDMAN SACHS SERVICES. THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF ANY MARKET DATA LICENSED TO GOLDMAN SACHS AND SHALL NOT HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS, OR INTERRUPTIONS THEREIN. THERE ARE NO THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARIES OF ANY AGREEMENTS OR ARRANGEMENTS BETWEEN THIRD-PARTY PROVIDER AND GOLDMAN SACHS.

The Goldman Sachs Equity TimeX Index (the "Index") is a rules-based strategy designed to provide long-only exposure to an equity component (the SPDR® S&P® 500 ETF). The Index's exposure to the equity component is dynamically adjusted each index business day based on certain market signals, including calendar based signals and price patterns, subject to an exposure floor, an exposure cap, and a rebalancing cap. The Index applies a daily volatility target, which can further increase or decrease the Index's exposure to the equity component. The Index is calculated on an excess return basis, and is subject to servicing and rebalancing costs and a deduction rate of 0.50% per annum (accruing daily).



North American is a Sammons Financial Group company.

We are employee owned and committed to our customers, distribution partners, employees and communities —and the deeply rooted belief that we grow stronger together.

With so much change happening in the world, people are looking for companies that can stand the test of time. They need a partner that can weather life's storms. That's us. For over a century, we have been here for our customers and honoring our commitments. We are proud of our impact on the financial futures we help secure, and the legacies we help establish.

We believe that we aren't here to serve just today's customers, but customers for generations to come. As we look ahead to our next hundred years, that fundamental principle remains rich in its vision. No matter how much change happens in the world around us, we strive to find new ways to create value for our customers.

Just like always.

North American has continued to earn high ratings, based on our financial strength, operating performance, and ability to meet obligations to our policyholders and contract holders. North American currently holds the following ratings:



A.M. Best^{AB} (Superior) (Second category of 15)
S&P Global Ratings^{BC} (Strong) (Fifth category of 22)
Fitch Ratings^D (Stable) (Fifth category of 19)

Ratings are subject to change.

| West Des Moines, | Iowa | |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| NorthAmericanCo | ompan | y.com |

| Not FDIC/NCUA Insured | Not A Deposit Of A Bank | Not Bank Guaranteed |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| May Lose Value | Not Insured By Any Federal Government Agency | |